EXHIBIT 6

Version with confidentiality designations removed of Dkt. 1112-8

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE DIVISION

CHASOM BROWN, MARIA NGUYEN, WILLIAM BYATT, JEREMY DAVIS, and CHRISTOPHER CASTILLO, individually and on behalf of all other similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

GOOGLE LLC,

V.

Defendant.

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DEFENDANT'S RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND SET OF REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION (NOS. 20-149)

Pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 26 and 34, Defendant Google LLC ("Google") hereby responds and objects to Plaintiffs' Second Set of Requests For Production of Documents (Nos. 20-149). These objections and responses are made solely for the purpose of and in relation to this action, and any production in response will be subject to the Protective Order governing this case. In addition, the objections and responses set forth in this document are based on Google's knowledge, investigations, and analysis to date. As discovery proceeds, Google may become aware of additional facts or evidence and its analysis of the case may change. Google reserves all rights to supplement and amend its objections and responses accordingly.

GENERAL OBJECTIONS

- 1. Google incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein each of its General Objections to Plaintiffs' First Set of Requests for Production (Nos. 1-19).
- 2. Google objects to the Requests to the extent they seek user-level information related to data collected while users were in a private browsing mode. Neither Google Analytics nor Google Ad Manager differentiates between data collected while a user was using private browsing mode or not, and Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. In fact, private browsing mode is designed

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

- to ensure that websites—including Google—do not know whether a user is in private browsing mode or not. Nothing in these Responses should be construed as indicating that Google maintains documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode.
- 3. Google objects to the Requests as not proportional to the needs of the case to the extent they seek user-level information related to data collected while users were logged in to their Google Accounts. Google's data practices for logged-in users are irrelevant to the claims and defenses in this action.
- 4. Google objects to the undefined use of the terms "user" and "consumers" to the extent that they are inaccurate and subject to multiple interpretations; render the Requests vague, ambiguous, overly broad and unduly burdensome; call for information not within Google's possession, custody or control; and seek, or may be construed to seek, to impose obligations inconsistent with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Civil Local Rules, and/or other applicable law. For purposes of these Responses and Objections, Google shall construe the terms "USER" and "CONSUMER" to refer to a unique individual.
- 5. Google objects to the Requests as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the Requests have no geographic limitation. Web browser communications from browsers that are located outside of the United States are not relevant to any claims or defenses in this litigation. Nothing in these Responses should be construed as indicating that Google will search for or produce documents related to web browser communications outside of the United States.
- 6. Google objects to the Requests as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the Requests are not limited as to time. Web browser communications that took place before the beginning of the class period are not relevant to any claims or defenses in this litigation. Nothing in these Responses should be construed as indicating that Google will search for or produce documents related to web browser communications that took place outside of the class period.

OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION

Subject to the foregoing objections, Google objects and responds to Plaintiffs' requests as follows:

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 20:

Documents sufficient to identify all persons involved with the creation of and any modification to Google's representations regarding private browsing mode, including Incognito mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 20:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the term "representations," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For example, Plaintiffs do not specify whether this request seeks public statements or otherwise. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "representation" means public-facing statements by Google. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope. Private browsing modes have many different aspects that have nothing to do with the central allegations in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request seeks "all persons" that were "involved" with the creation of and modification to Google's representation, no matter how small or peripheral their involvement. Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals with potentially disparate job responsibilities and over an undefined period of time, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary course of business, and therefore this request is

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

better suited to an Interrogatory. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents concerning modifications of the Incognito Notice from June 1, 2016 to the present, from which Plaintiffs may identify persons involved in the modification to Google's representations regarding Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode for the same period, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 21:

Google's disclosures and policies relating to the data Google collects directly and indirectly from, about, or on consumers, particularly with regard to data collected in connection with consumers browsing in private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 21:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request for Production No. 5, and incorporates its objections and response to that request. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the terms "disclosures," and "consumers," which are neither self-evident nor defined, including whether the term "consumer" means something different than "user" in other requests. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to the phrase "data Google collects directly from, about, or on consumers," because Plaintiffs do not clarify what kind of "data" and which Google product this request concerns. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that Plaintiffs seek public-facing statements and policies related to whether and how Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager collect the browsing activity data

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practices, including the category or type of data Google collects, in its past and current Privacy Policies as well as in other public disclosures. Google's disclosures and statements regarding Google's receipt of data can be found in various publicly available sources, such as Google's Privacy Policy and Google Analytics Help Center, and for Chrome Incognito, the Google Chrome Privacy Notice. Archived versions of past Privacy Policies and Chrome Privacy Notices are also public. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

purportedly obtained without Plaintiffs' agreement while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites

in private browsing mode. Google clearly discloses to users, including Plaintiffs, its data collection

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce public disclosures made by Google and Google's publicly available policies regarding Google Analytics' and Google Ad Manager's collection of data from June 1, 2016 to the present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 22:

Documents sufficient to identify all persons involved with the creation of and any modification to the Incognito screen displayed when users initiate Incognito mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 22:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Incognito screen displayed when users initiate Incognito mode," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Incognito mode" means Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode, and that the "Incognito screen displayed" is the full-page Incognito Notice that alerts users they have entered Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent

that it seeks documents going back to 2008 when the Incognito Notice was created, eight years before the June 1, 2016 start of the Class Period. The Incognito Notices of 2008 are irrelevant to the claims and defenses in this action; therefore, the likelihood of obtaining relevant information going back to 2008, if any, is outweighed by the burden of providing it. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request seeks "all persons" that were "involved" with the creation of and any modification to the Incognito Notice, no matter how small or peripheral their involvement. Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals with potentially disparate job responsibilities and over an undefined period of time, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary course of business. Google further objects to this request as duplicative of Request for Production No. 23 which seeks "documents concerning all proposed or actual changes to that screen," and incorporates its objections and responses to that request. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows:

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents concerning modifications to the Incognito Notice from June 1, 2016 to the present, from which Plaintiffs may identify persons involved in modifications of the Incognito Notice for the same period, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 23:

Documents concerning the Incognito screen displayed when users initiate Incognito mode, including all versions of that screen and documents concerning all proposed or actual changes to that screen.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 23:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Incognito screen

displayed when users initiate Incognito mode," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Incognito mode" means Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode, and that the "Incognito screen displayed" is the full-page Incognito Notice that alerts users they have entered Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope, and seeks all documents "concerning" the Incognito Notice. Google also objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks documents going back to 2008 when the Incognito Notice was created, eight years before the June 1, 2016 start of the Class Period. The Incognito Notices of 2008 are irrelevant to the claims and defenses in this action; therefore, the likelihood of obtaining relevant information going back to 2008, if any, is outweighed by the burden of providing it.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce all versions of the Incognito Notice from June 1, 2016 to the present, and non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents concerning changes to the Incognito Notice for the same period, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 24:

Documents sufficient to identify all persons involved with the creation of and any modification to Google's Privacy Policy.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 24:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request seeks "all persons" that were "involved" with the creation of and any modification to Google's Privacy

Policy, no matter how small or peripheral their involvement. Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals with potentially disparate job responsibilities and over an undefined period of time, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary course of business, and therefore this request is better suited to an Interrogatory. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 25:

Documents concerning Google's representation in its Privacy Policy that users are "in control" and can limit how data is shared with Google.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 25:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request to the extent it misconstrues Google's Privacy Policy, which speaks for itself. Google also objects to the phrase "how data is shared with Google," because Plaintiffs do not clarify what kind of "data" this request concerns and the phrase is not a quote from Google's Privacy Policy. Google further objects to this request to the extent that it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents concerning Google's representation in its Privacy Policy under the "Search & browse privately" header that reads: "You're in control of what information you share with Google when you search," to the

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 26:

Documents concerning Google's May 2018 modification to its Privacy Policy to state: "You can use our services in a variety of ways to manage your privacy. . . . You can also choose to browse the web privately using Chrome in Incognito mode."

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 26:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request to the extent that it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Google's past and present Privacy Policies, as well as Chrome Privacy Notices, are publicly available, including clear comparisons among the Privacy Policies that reflect changes made. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain the information they seek from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request because Google's Privacy Policy speaks for itself. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 27:

Documents concerning any changes to Google's Privacy Policy regarding user control and private browsing mode that were proposed or considered but not adopted by Google.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 27:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous because it seeks documents concerning any changes "regarding user control and private browsing mode," without identifying which changes Plaintiffs are interested in. Google's past and present Privacy Policies are publicly available, including clear comparisons among the Privacy Policies that reflect changes made. Therefore, Plaintiffs have sufficient information at their disposal to prepare a proper request. Further, Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "were proposed or considered but not adopted" because it does not clarify whether it is limited to formal consideration given to policy changes or whether it would encompass even informal discussions about changes considered, which would be impossible to capture and would unduly increase the burden associated with responding to this request. Google further objects to this request as it appears to be designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 28:

Documents sufficient to identify all persons involved with the creation of and any modification to Google's controls relating to private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 28:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Google's controls relating to private browsing mode," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Therefore, it is

unclear what kinds of "controls" related to private browsing mode are the subject of Plaintiffs' request. Nor is it clear what "controls" related to private browsing mode in browsers other than Chrome Google would have the ability to create or modify. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request seeks "all persons" that were "involved" with the creation of and any modification to certain undefined controls relating to private browsing mode, no matter how small or peripheral their involvement. Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals with potentially disparate job responsibilities and over an undefined period of time, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary course of business, and therefore this request is better suited to an Interrogatory. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 29:

Documents concerning Google's representation that users can browse privately using private browsing mode in a browser like Chrome or Safari.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 29:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "representation," including because Plaintiffs do not specify whether this request seeks public statements or otherwise. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "representation" means public-facing statements by Google. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those

which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous in its use of the phrase "in a browser like Chrome or Safari" because it is unclear what other browsers it purports to include. Further, to the extent it purports to include browsers owned by third parties, it is incongruent to seek Google's "representation that users can browse privately" on those browsers. Google's public statements regarding Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode can be found in various publicly available sources, such as within Chrome itself upon opening Incognito mode, the Google Chrome Help Center, and the Google Chrome Privacy Notice. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce public statements made by Google regarding Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode from June 1, 2016 to the present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 30:

Documents concerning any changes to Google's controls regarding private browsing mode that were proposed or considered but not adopted by Google.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 30:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "controls regarding private browsing mode," which is neither self-evident nor defined. It is unclear what type and scope of "controls" regarding private browsing mode Plaintiffs are referring to, whether these controls are technical or policy-related, and whether they are limited in scope to the collection of data or some other issue. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the terms "proposed" and "considered," which do not clarify whether this request is limited to formal proposals or considerations based on policy changes or whether it would

1 encompass even informal discussions about proposals or changes considered, which would be 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17

impossible to capture and would unduly increase the burden associated with responding to this request. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and may encompass changes that were proposed or considered but not adopted that have nothing to do with the central allegation in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 31:

Google's written representations to and agreements with websites, publishers, and web applications that use Google services, including but not limited to what data Google collects and how Google complies with laws and regulations regarding the collection of data.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 31:

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Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "what data Google collects" and "the collection of data, "which are neither self-evident nor defined. Google also objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it seeks "written

representations to and agreements" related to all Google services. In this litigation, the only 1 2 relevant Google services are Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager. Google further objects to 3 this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "written representations to 4 and agreements with websites, publishers, and web applications that use Google services," because 5 Plaintiffs do not clarify whether it could refer to documents other than formal policies or agreements. To the extent it does refer to such documents, this request is overbroad and unduly 6 7 burdensome because it seeks a multitude of irrelevant documents pertaining to "written 8 representations" to thousands of websites that use Google's services. For these reasons, the request 9 is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs 10 any likely benefit.

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reasonable search.

history will not be saved."

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 32:

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 32:

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objects to this request because Plaintiffs fail to properly identify what documents, if any, they are seeking that are beyond the public available blog post that Plaintiffs identify in this request. Simply saying that they seek documents "concerning" Google's representation, especially in light of the objectionably broad definition of "concerning" Plaintiffs have put forth, is insufficient to identify the documents with particularity. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is designed

Google will produce publicly available policies regarding Google Analytics' and Google

Documents concerning Google's September 2016 representation—made on various

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further

occasions, including at https://blog.google/products/search/the-latest-updates-and-improvements-

for/—that: "When you have incognito mode turned on in your settings, your search and browsing

Ad Manager's collection of data from June 1, 2016 to the present, to the extent that such documents

exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 33:

Documents concerning the definition, meaning, understanding, or interpretation of any of these following terms and phrases: private, privacy, control, your data, your search and browsing history, browse privately, and incognito.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 33:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "definition, meaning, understanding, or interpretation," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For example, Plaintiffs do not clarify whose "understanding" or "interpretation" this request concerns or why any such understanding or interpretation would go beyond these terms' plain, widely understood meanings. Google further objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 34:

Documents concerning the Google representations identified in Paragraph 146 of the First Amended Complaint, alleging misstatements by Google throughout the Class Period.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 34:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "the Google representations identified in Paragraph 146 of the First Amended Complaint, alleging misstatements by Google throughout the Class Period." First, Google denies that it has made any "misstatements" at all. Second, Plaintiffs fail to properly identify what documents, if any, they are seeking that are beyond the alleged "Google representations identified in Paragraph 146 of the First Amended Complaint." Simply saying that they seek documents "concerning" these representations, especially in light of the objectionably broad definition Plaintiffs have put forth, is insufficient to identify the documents with particularity.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 35:

Google's internal documents relating to consumers' control over and transparency about how consumers' data is intercepted, collected, stored, used, shared, and disposed.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 35:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "consumers' control over and transparency about," and the term "disposed," neither of which are neither self-evident nor defined. Google also objects to the use of term "intercepted" to the extent it assumes that Google somehow "intercepts" data unlawfully. Further, the use of the term "consumer" is vague

and ambiguous to the extent it denotes something other than the term "user" found in Plaintiffs' 2 other requests. Google further objects to the phrase "how consumers' data is intercepted, collected, 3 stored, used, shared, and disposed" because Plaintiffs do not clarify what kind of "data" and which 4 "Google" product this request concerns. Because the request is not limited in scope and 5 encompasses matters and products that have no relation to Plaintiffs' particular allegations here, it 6 is overly broad and unduly burdensome. Google objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 36:

Documents concerning users' privacy expectations, including any internal Google studies or assessment regarding users' privacy expectations.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows:

Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents concerning the

control logged-out users have over Google's collection, storage, and use of their browsing data

and Google's disclosures to users about the same, to the extent that such documents exist, are

within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 36:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "consumers' control over and transparency about," and the term "disposed," which are neither self-evident nor defined. Google also objects to the use of term "intercepted" to the extent it assumes that Google somehow "intercepts" data unlawfully. Further, the use of the term "consumer" is vague and ambiguous to the extent it denotes something other than the term "user" found in Plaintiffs' other requests. Google further objects to the phrase "how consumers' data is intercepted, collected, stored, used,

shared, and disposed" because Plaintiffs do not clarify what kind of "data" and which "Google" product this request concerns. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses matters and products that have no relation to Plaintiffs' particular allegations here. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive studies concerning the control logged-out users have over Google's collection, storage, and use of their browsing data and Google's disclosures to users about the same, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 37:

Documents concerning users' understanding of Google's privacy disclosures and controls, including any internal Google studies or assessment regarding these issues.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 37:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "internal Google studies or assessment," as it could refer to documents other than formal studies or assessments. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses matters and Google products that have no relation to Plaintiffs' allegations in this litigation. Google objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Google further objects insofar as this request seeks documents related to Plaintiffs' understanding of Google's privacy

disclosures and controls, which are in Plaintiffs' possession, custody, or control. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive studies related to logged-out users' understanding of Google's privacy disclosures and controls, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 38:

Documents concerning users' understanding in connection with private browsing mode, including any internal Google studies or assessment regarding this issue.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 38:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "internal Google studies or assessment," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it is meant to include documents other than formal studies or assessments. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Google further objects insofar as this request seeks documents related to Plaintiffs' understanding of the Incognito private browsing mode, which are in Plaintiffs' possession, custody, or control. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive studies related to users' understanding of Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 39:

Documents concerning, as reflected in documents Google produced or provided to the Arizona Attorney General, the "overall mess" that Google had "with regards to data collection, consent, and storage."

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 39:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request for Production No. 2, and incorporates its objections and response to that request. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses matters that have no relation to Plaintiffs' central allegations in this litigation. The fact that Google produced documents in other actions or contexts, including to the Arizona Attorney General, does not make such documents even remotely relevant to this case. Further, Plaintiffs' request for cloned discovery is highly likely to encompass documents that are both irrelevant and immaterial to the claims and defenses in this case. Google would have to review the cloned discovery and determine whether there are any additional privilege or confidentiality issues in producing them to private plaintiffs (as opposed to government agencies). Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. Google further objects insofar as this request, while purporting to quote from internal Google documents or communications, actually misconstrues those documents, which speak for themselves. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 40:

Documents sufficient to identify all disclosures to users concerning Google's collection of data of users in private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 40:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "disclosures," which is neither self-evident or defined. For example, Plaintiffs do not specify whether this request seeks public disclosures or otherwise. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "disclosures" means public-facing disclosures by Google. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to the phrase "Google's collection of data of users" because Plaintiffs do not clarify what kind of "data" this request concerns. Therefore, Google assumes that this request seeks documents related to the public disclosures related to Plaintiffs' central allegation in this case the collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account. Google's disclosures and statements regarding Google's collection of data can be found in various publicly available sources, such as Google's Privacy Policy and Google Analytics Help Center, and for Chrome Incognito, the Google Chrome Privacy Notice. Archived versions of past Privacy Policy and Chrome Privacy Notice are also public. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain responsive information from publicly available sources. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce public disclosures made by Google regarding Google Analytics' and Google Ad Manager's collection of data while users are in a private browsing mode from June 1, 2016 to

the present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 41:

Documents sufficient to identify all disclosures to or by websites and publishers concerning Google's collection of data of users in private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 41:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "concerning Google's collection of data," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Google's collection of data" means the category or type of browsing activity data that Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager purportedly collected while users browse in private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "disclosures to or by websites, publishers" because Plaintiffs do not clarify which "websites and publishers" this request concerns, and "disclosures" could refer to documents other than formal policies or agreements. To the extent that this request seeks the privacy policies of the websites that use Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager, those policies are public and readily available to Plaintiffs. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce public disclosures made by Google regarding Google Analytics' and Google Ad Manager's collection of data while users are in a private browsing mode from June 1, 2016 to

the present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 42:

Documents concerning any action that Google contends constitutes consent to Google's data collection while users are in private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 42:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Google's data collection," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Google's data collection" means the category or type of browsing activity data that Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager purportedly collected while users browse in private browsing mode. Google clearly discloses to users, including Plaintiffs, its data collection practices in its past and current Privacy Policies as well as in other public disclosures. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects insofar as this request seeks documents related to Plaintiffs' consent, many of which are in Plaintiffs' possession, custody, or control. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. Likewise, Google objects to the request as premature to the extent that it seeks documents supporting Google's "conten[tions]" before Google has had the opportunity to conduct full discovery.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents showing that Plaintiffs accepted, acknowledged, agreed to, or consented to Google Analytics' and Google Ad Manager's purported collection of certain data while Plaintiffs were browsing certain websites in

private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 43:

Documents concerning any lack of consent, by any party, to Google's data collection while users are in private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 43:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Google's data collection," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Google's data collection" means the browsing activity data that Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager purportedly collected while users browse in private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent that this request seeks documents related to "any lack of consent [] by any party" other than users who visited websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present, because it is unclear who else it could refer to and also because it has little, if any, bearing on the claims and defenses in this action. Google further objects insofar as this request seeks documents related to Plaintiffs' consent or the alleged lack thereof, many of which are in Plaintiffs' possession, custody, or control. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 44:

Documents concerning Google's decision to not make data Google collected while users were in private browsing mode viewable to users through their Google account.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 44:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "viewable to users through their Google account," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the term "decision," to the extent it assumes that Google made an affirmative decision to "not make data Google collected while users were in private browsing mode viewable to users through their Google account." Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because Plaintiffs do not clarify the phrase "data Google collected while users were in private browsing mode." For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes this phrase refers to the browsing activity data collected by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce documents sufficient to show that data collected by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account is not associated with a user's Google Account, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 45:

Google's logs relating to the data it collects directly and indirectly from, about, or on consumers, particularly with regard to data collected on consumers using private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 45:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Google's logs relating to the data it collects directly and indirectly," which is neither self-evident nor defined. It is unclear what kind of "logs" related to private browsing mode are the subject of Plaintiffs' request. Nor is it clear what the distinction between "directly" and "indirectly" is supposed to refer to. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data for all Google consumers with no meaningful limitation. Plaintiffs' request encompasses documents that are both irrelevant and immaterial to the claims and defenses in this case. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 46:

Documents sufficient to show how Google scripts on websites cause a user's device to send information to Google's servers, including when users are in private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 46:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the term "cause a user's device to send information to Google's servers," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to the phrase "cause a user's device to send information to Google's servers" as overly

26 Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

broad and unduly burdensome because Plaintiffs do not clarify what kind of "information" this request concerns. Therefore, Google assumes that this request seeks documents related to the public disclosures related to Plaintiffs' central allegation in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Further, Google discloses scripts for Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager on websites that cause a user's device to send information to Google's servers in various publicly available sources, such as Google's developer pages. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available source code and technical documentation regarding Google

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available source code and technical documentation regarding Google scripts that cause a user's device to send information to Google's servers, including when users are in private browsing mode, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 47:

Google source code for the Google scripts that cause a user's device to send information to Google's servers when users are in private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 47:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the term "cause a user's device to send information to Google's servers," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to the phrase "cause a user's device to send information to Google's servers" as overly

broad and unduly burdensome because Plaintiffs do not clarify what kind of "information" this request concerns. Therefore, Google assumes that this request seeks documents related to the source code related to Plaintiffs' central allegation in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Further, Google discloses Google source code for the Google scripts that cause a user's device to send information to Google's servers, including when users are in private browsing mode, in various publicly available sources. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. The production of non-public, proprietary source code is not necessary to ascertain any particular issue relevant to Plaintiffs' allegations. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available source code regarding Google scripts that cause a user's device to send information to Google's servers when users are in private browsing mode, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 48:

Google's technical documents relating to how its technologies and services work with the consumer data that it collects directly and indirectly, particularly with regard to data collected while consumers are in private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 48:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "data collected while consumers are in private browsing mode," which is neither self-evident nor defined, including because it uses the term "consumer data" as opposed to the term "user data" used in other requests without clarifying whether it contemplates a difference between "consumer" and "user." Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because it could potentially encompass all user data collected by Google, including data that has no relevance to this case. The request is also vague in its use of the phrase "how its technologies and services work with the consumer data that it collects directly and indirectly," in that it does not specify what it means by "work with" the data. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to show the technical aspects of how Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager's handle the browsing activity data collected while users are using a private browsing mode from June 1, 2016 to the present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 49:

Google's technical documents relating to how Google tracks individual consumers, their devices, and their locations.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 49:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "tracks individual

consumers," including because it uses the term "consumer" as opposed to the term "user data" used in other requests without clarifying whether it contemplates a difference between "consumer" and "user," and because it does not clarify what "tracks" means in the context of this request. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it seeks information regarding "tracking" of consumers that is not relevant to any claims or defenses in this litigation. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to show the technical aspects of how Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager's collect the browsing activity data collected while users are using a private browsing mode from June 1, 2016 to the present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 50:

Documents sufficient to identify all websites and publishers that use Google Analytics.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 50:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to the phrase "websites and publishers that use Google Analytics" as overly broad and unduly burdensome because identifying all of Google Analytics' clients is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this litigation. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 51:

Google source code embedded into the code of websites that use Google Analytics.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 51:

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Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because Google Analytics has many different aspects and websites that use Google Analytics may also use other Google services that are not relevant to the central allegations in this litigation. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it seeks each and every piece of Google code that thousands of websites that use Google Analytics have embedded. Google discloses Google source code embedded into the code of websites that use Google Analytics in various publicly available sources, such as Google's developer pages. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. The production of non-public, proprietary source code is not necessary to ascertain any particular issue relevant to Plaintiffs' allegations. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available source code regarding the current version of Google Analytics to the extent that such source code exists, is within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 52:

Documents sufficient to show all types and the amount of data collected with Google Analytics, including in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 52:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request for Production No. 8, and incorporates its

objections and response to that request. Google further objects to the terms "type" and "amount"

as vague and ambiguous because it does not clarify what kind of "data" it concerns. This defect

also causes the request to be overly broad and unduly burdensome because it is not limited in

scope. To the extent the request is limited to user browsing data, Google clearly discloses to users,

including Plaintiffs, its data collection practices, including the category or type of data Google

collects, in its past and current Privacy Policies as well as in other public disclosures. Therefore,

Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Google

further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private

browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to

browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and

Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to

identify the types of data Google Analytics collected while logged-out users were using a private

browsing mode from June 1, 2016 to the present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within

Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows:

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 53:

Documents sufficient to show all ways in which Google uses data gathered through Google Analytics, including data collected in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 53:

the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request for Production No. 9, and incorporates its objections and response to that request. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous because it does not clarify what kind of "data" it concerns. This defect also causes the request to be overly broad and unduly burdensome because it is not limited in scope. To the extent

the request is limited to user browsing data, Google clearly discloses to users, including Plaintiffs, its data collection and use practices in its past and current Privacy Policies as well as in other public disclosures. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to show how Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager may use data that Google Analytics collects while logged-out users were using a private browsing mode from June 1, 2016 to the present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 54:

Google source code for Google Analytics and Google's various ad properties that run on Google's servers, to assess how Google collects and uses data from users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 54:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "various ad properties that run on the Google's servers" which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to the phrase "to assess how Google collects and uses data from users' activity" as confusing in that it appears to be an indication of how Plaintiffs seek to use the information, not a limitation or clarification of the request. Further, Google discloses Google source code for Google Analytics sufficient to assess how Google collects and uses data from user's activity in various publicly available sources, such as Google's developer pages. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain

certain responsive information from publicly available sources. The production of non-public, proprietary source code is not necessary to ascertain any particular issue relevant to Plaintiffs' allegations. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available source code regarding the current versions of Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager to the extent that such source code exists, is within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 55:

Google schemas or definition files sufficient to define the data structures used to communicate between client-side scripts and their backends, to assess how Google collects and uses data in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 55:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request No. 54. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Google schemas or definition files sufficient to define the data structures used to communicate between client-side scripts and their backends," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to the phrase "to assess how Google collects and uses data from users' activity" as confusing in that it appears to be an indication of how Plaintiffs seek to use the information, not a limitation or clarification of the request. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

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Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 56:

Documents sufficient to identify all persons involved with defining the Google Analytics strategy and product roadmap, including in connection with data collected in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 56:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "defining the Google Analytics strategy and product roadmap," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request seeks "all persons" that were "involved" with a certain task, no matter how small their involvement or peripheral to the central allegation in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals with potentially disparate job responsibilities and over an undefined period of time, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary course of business, and therefore this request is better suited to an Interrogatory. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

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Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 57:

Documents sufficient to identify all websites and publishers that use Google Analytics User ID.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 57:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to the phrase "all websites and publishers that use Google Analytics User ID" as overly broad and unduly burdensome because identifying all of Google Analytics' clients that use the User ID feature is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this litigation. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 58:

Google source code embedded into the code of websites that use Google Analytics User ID.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 58:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because websites that use Google Analytics User ID may also contain Google source code that is not relevant to Plaintiffs' claims. Further, Google discloses Google source code for websites that use Google Analytics User ID in

36 Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

various publicly available sources, such as Google's developer pages. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. The production of non-public, proprietary source code is not necessary to ascertain any particular issue relevant to Plaintiffs' allegations. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available source code regarding the current version of Google Analytics User IDs, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 59:

Documents sufficient to show all types and the amount of data collected with Google Analytics User-ID, including in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 59:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request for Production No. 8, and incorporates its objections and response to that request. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses matters that have no relation to Plaintiffs' central allegation—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google clearly discloses to users, including Plaintiffs, its data collection practices, including the type of data Google collects, in its past and current Privacy Policies as well as in other public disclosures. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is

7 Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to identify the types of data collected with the Google Analytics User-ID while logged-out users were using a private browsing mode from June 1, 2016 to the present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 60:

Documents sufficient to show all ways in which Google uses data gathered through Google Analytics User-ID, including data collected in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 60:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "data gathered through Google Analytics User-ID," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google does not gather any data through Google Analytics User-ID apart from the User-ID values that Google Analytics customers send to Google, and Google Analytics does not distinguish between users who are in a private browsing mode and users who are not in a private browsing mode. Therefore, it is unclear what kinds of data are the subject of Plaintiffs' requests. Further, Google's disclosures and statements regarding the uses of Google Analytics User-ID can be found in various publicly available sources, such as in the Analytics Help Center and Google Analytics Developer Resources. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she

used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to show the uses of "Google Analytics User-ID," to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 61:

Documents sufficient to show how Google classifies its cookies, either as first-party or third-party cookies.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 61:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to the phrase "how Google classifies its cookies, either as first-party or third-party cookies" as overly broad and unduly burdensome because it may encompass documents that are not relevant to the central allegations of the Complaint—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Further, documents regarding how Google classifies cookies can be found in various publicly available sources, such as Google's developer pages. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available documents regarding the classification of Google's cookies, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 62:

Google source code embedded into the code of websites that use Google cookies.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 62:

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Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because websites that use Google cookies may also contain Google source code that is not relevant to the central allegations of the Complaint—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Further, Google discloses Google source code for websites that use Google cookies in various publicly available sources, such as Google's developer pages. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. The production of the non-public, proprietary source code is not necessary to ascertain any particular issue relevant to Plaintiffs' allegations. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available source code regarding the current versions of Google cookies to the extent that such source code exists, is within Google's possession, custody, or

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 63:

Documents sufficient to show all types and the amount of data collected with the Google cookies, including in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 63:

control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request for Production No. 8, and incorporates its

1 objections and response to that request. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "the Google cookies," which is neither self-evident nor 2 3 defined. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding 4 any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she 5 used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly 6 burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses Google products that 7 have no relation to Plaintiffs' allegations in this litigation. Google clearly discloses to users, 8 including Plaintiffs, its data collection practices, including the type of data Google collects, in its 9 past and current Privacy Policies as well as in other public disclosures. Therefore, Plaintiffs can 10 obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. For these reasons, the 11 request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 64:

can be located following a reasonable search.

Documents sufficient to show all ways in which Google uses data gathered through Google cookies, including data collected in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows:

Google will produce publicly available documents sufficient to identify the types of data that are

included in Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager cookies from June 1, 2016 to the present,

to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 64:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "all ways in which Google uses data gathered through Google cookies," which is neither self-evident nor defined. It is unclear what kinds of "data gathered through Google cookies ... in connection with ... private

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

browsing mode" are the subject of Plaintiffs' request. Further, Google's disclosures and statements regarding the uses of Google cookies can be found in various publicly available sources, such as Google's Privacy Policy. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks data related to all Google Cookies without any limitation. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 65:

Documents sufficient to identify all websites and publishers that use Google Ad Manager.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 65:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to the phrase "websites and publishers that use Google Ad Manager" as overly broad and unduly burdensome because identifying all of Google Ad Manager's clients is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this litigation. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 66:

Google source code embedded into the code of websites that use Google Ad Manager.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 66:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because websites that use Google Ad Manager may also contain Google source code that is not relevant to the central allegations of the Complaint—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Further, Google discloses Google source code for websites that use Google Ad Manager in various publicly available sources, such as Google's developer pages. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. The production of non-public, proprietary source code is not necessary to ascertain any particular issue relevant to Plaintiffs' allegations. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available source code regarding the current version of Google Ad Manager, to the extent that such source code exists, is within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 67:

Documents sufficient to show all types and the amount of data collected with Google Ad Manager, including in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 67:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request for Production No. 8, and incorporates its objections and response to that request. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses matters that have no relation to Plaintiffs' central allegation—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of

certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google clearly discloses to users, including Plaintiffs, its data collection practices, including the type of data Google collects, in its past and current Privacy Policies as well as in other public disclosures. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available documents sufficient to identify the types of data Google Ad Manager collected from June 1, 2016 to the present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 68:

Documents sufficient to show all ways in which Google uses data gathered through Google Ad Manager, including data collected in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 68:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "all ways in which Google uses data gathered through Google Ad Manager," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google Ad Manager does not differentiate between data collected while a user was using private browsing mode or not. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether data gathered through Google Ad Manager was collected while a

user was in private browsing mode. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "all ways in which Google uses data" refers to user-level data Google receives through and processes for its Ad Manager services. Further, Google's disclosures and statements regarding the use of data gathered through Google Ad Manager can be found in various publicly available sources, such as in the Ad Manager Help Center and Ad Manager Developer Resources. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 69:

Google source code associated with X-Client Data Header, GStatic, and Approved Pixels.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 69:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "associated with," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google assumes Plaintiffs seek Google source code for X-Client Data Header, GStatic, and Approved Pixels. Google further objects to the request for documents pertaining to GStatic and Approved Pixels as overly broad and unduly burdensome. GStatic and Approved Pixels have nothing to do with the central allegations in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Further, Google discloses Google source code for X-Client Data Header, GStatic, and Approved Pixels in various publicly

available sources, such as its Chromium online source code repository. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. The production of non-public, proprietary source code is not necessary to ascertain any particular issue relevant to Plaintiffs' allegations. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available source code regarding the current version of X-Client Data Header, to the extent that such source code exists, is within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 70:

Google's technical documents relating to the use of Chrome's X-Client Data Header, GStatic, and Approved Pixels.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 70:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "technical documents relating to the use of" a particular product, which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to the request for documents pertaining to GStatic and Approved Pixels as overly broad and unduly burdensome. GStatic and Approved Pixels have nothing to do with the central allegations in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Further, Google's technical documents relating to the use of Chrome's X-Client Data Header, GStatic, and Approved Pixels are available via various publicly available sources, such as its Chromium online source code repository. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. Google further

objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to show the technical aspects of the operation of Chrome's X-Client Data Header, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 71:

Documents sufficient to show all types and the amount of data collected with X-Client Data Header, GStatic, and Approved Pixels, including in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 71:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request for Production No. 8, and incorporates its objections and response to that request. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses matters that have no bearing on private browsing mode. Because the X-Client Data Header is only sent to Google domains from Chrome and not sent in Incognito mode, it has no relevance to the issues in this case. Google clearly discloses to users, including Plaintiffs, its data collection practices, including the type of data Google collects, in its past and current Privacy Policies as well as in other public disclosures. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the

burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 72:

Documents sufficient to show all ways in which Google uses data gathered with X-Client Data Header, GStatic, and Approved Pixels, including data collected in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 72:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "all ways in which Google uses data gathered with X-Client Data Header, GStatic and Approved Pixels," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to the requests for documents pertaining to GStatic and Approved Pixels as overly broad and unduly burdensome. GStatic and Approved Pixels have nothing to do with the central allegations in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

Case No. 5:20-cy-03664-I HK-SV

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 73:

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Documents sufficient to show all system or geolocation data collected by Google and associated, directly or indirectly, with any user or user device that has used private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 73:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "system . . . data" "directly or indirectly," which are neither self-evident nor defined. Google assumes that Plaintiffs are not requesting individual user-level data, but rather seek the types of data purportedly collected. To that effect, Google clearly discloses to users, including Plaintiffs, its data collection and use practices in its past and current Privacy Policies as well as in other public disclosures. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain responsive information from publicly available sources. Further, this request seeks such data that is associated "with any user or user device that has used private browsing mode," which is burdensome and overbroad because it seeks information related to any user or device that has ever used some unspecified private browsing mode. Therefore the information sought has little relevance to the claims and defenses in this litigation. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Further, Google Ad Manager and Google Analytics, the Google products at issue in this litigation, are unaware of whether a user is in private browsing mode while visiting a website using those Google services. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 74:

Google's assurances, at any time, to not merge first- and third-party data and services.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 74:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the term "assurances," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to the phrase "first- and third-party data and services" because Plaintiffs do not clarify what kind of "data" and which "Google" product or "services" this request concerns. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses Google products that have no relation to Plaintiffs' allegations in this litigation. Google clearly discloses to users, including Plaintiffs, its data collection practices, including the category or type of data Google collects, in its past and current Privacy Policies as well as in other public disclosures. Google's disclosures and statements regarding Google's use of data can be found in various publicly available sources, such as Google's Privacy Policy and Google Analytics Help Center, and for Chrome Incognito, the Google Chrome Privacy Notice. Archived versions of past Privacy Policies and Chrome Privacy Notices are also public. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 75:

Documents concerning Google's association of data collected while users are in private browsing mode with unique user profiles through Google Analytics User-ID.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 75:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "Google's association of data," "unique user profiles," and "through Google Analytics

50 Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

User-ID," which are neither self-evident nor defined. Google Analytics does not distinguish

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between users who are in a private browsing mode and users who are not in a private browsing mode. Therefore, it is unclear what kinds of data are the subject of Plaintiffs' requests. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data for Google consumers with no meaningful limitation. Further, Google's disclosures and statements regarding Google Analytics User-ID can be found in various publicly available sources, such as in the Analytics Help Center and Google Analytics Developer Resources. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce publicly available documents sufficient to show the functions and uses of Google Analytics User-ID, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 76:

Documents sufficient to identify all profiles created by Google, including profiles containing any data collected in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 76:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "profiles created by Google," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks userlevel data for all Google consumers with no meaningful limitation. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

browsing mode. Google further objects to this request because it seeks highly sensitive and personal information not relevant to establishing any party's claim or defense. *See In re Williams-Sonoma, Inc.*, 947 F.3d 535, 539-40 (9th Cir. 2020) (holding that pursuant to the Supreme Court's decision in *Oppenheimer Fund, Inc. v. Sanders*, 437 U.S. 340, 350–53, 98 S. Ct. 2380, 2389–90 (1978), "seeking discovery of the name of a class member... is not relevant within the meaning of [Rule 26(b)(1)], and it is even less relevant where no class has been certified"). For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 77:

Documents sufficient to identify all ways in which Google uses profiles, including profiles containing any data collected in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 77:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "all ways in which Google uses profiles," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business that identify profiles containing data collected while in private browsing mode. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

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Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 78:

Documents sufficient to identify all regulators who have inquired about Google's privacy disclosures and data collection practices since January 1, 2009.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 78:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the term "regulators," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google adopts the portion of the defined term "Regulators" as set forth in Definition No. 9 of Plaintiffs' First Set of Requests for Production of Documents (Nos. 1-19), which defined "Regulators" as "all government agencies and regulators that have requested documents or information from Google and/or initiated any investigation or action concerning Google's data collection practices and disclosures," including the Department of Justice, the Federal Trade Commission, the Arizona Attorney General, the Texas Attorney General, the California Attorney General, the Australian Competition & Consumer Commission, and the Commission Nationale de l'Informatique et des Libertés. However, even this clarification does not lessen the burden in responding to this request as the term is overbroad, including because it seeks information related to non-U.S. regulators. Google also objects to the phrase "privacy disclosures and data collection practices" as vague and ambiguous, as it could refer to documents other than formal policies related to privacy. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google will assume that by "privacy disclosures and data collection practices" Plaintiffs mean to refer to Google's Privacy Policy and the Google Chrome Privacy Notice. Google further objects to that phrase because it is not reasonably limited in scope and encompasses matters that have no relation to Plaintiffs' allegations in this litigation. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery

outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 79:

Documents sufficient to identify the Google persons involved with the negotiation of and knowledgeable about Google's 2011 settlement with the FTC, which included allegations of Google's illegal collection of personal information without consent, and the 2011 FTC Consent Decree.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 79:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "persons involved with," "personal information," and "illegally collected personal information without consent," which are neither self-evident nor defined. First, Google denies that any unauthorized collection of private data occurred at all. Second, Google further objects to this request as it is unclear whether Plaintiffs seek identification of any individual with any level of "knowledge," no matter how small or peripheral. This exercise would be burdensome and not proportional to the needs of the case. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the Google's 2011 settlement with the FTC and the 2011 FTC Consent Decree have little, if any, relation to Plaintiffs' central allegations in this litigation. Google further objects to this request because the "identi[t]y" of such persons is not relevant to any party's claim or defense in this case. Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals with potentially disparate job responsibilities over an indefinite period of time, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary course of business. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 80:

Google's compliance and audit documents relating to its efforts or failures to comply with the Google-2011 FTC Consent Decree.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 80:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "compliance and audit documents," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses matters, and inquiries, that have no relation to Plaintiffs' central allegation—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google further objects to this request because Google's "compl[iance] with the Google-2011 FTC Consent Decree" is not relevant to any party's claim or defense in this case. Google objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 81:

Documents sufficient to identify the persons involved with the negotiation of and knowledgeable about Google's 2012 settlement with the FTC, involving allegations that Google illegally collected personal information without consent.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 81:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "persons involved with," "personal information," and "illegally collected personal information without consent," which are neither self-evident nor defined. First, Google denies that any unauthorized collection of private data occurred at all, much less an "illegal[] collect[ion]" of data. Second, Google objects to this request as it is unclear whether Plaintiffs seek identification of any individual with any level of involvement, however small or peripheral. This exercise would be burdensome and not proportional to the needs of the case. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses matters that have no relation to Plaintiffs' central allegation—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google further objects to this request because the "identi[t]y" of such persons is not relevant to any party's claim or defense in this case. Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals with potentially disparate job responsibilities over an indefinite period of time, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary course of business. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 82:

Documents sufficient to identify the persons involved with the negotiation of and knowledgeable about Google's 2019 settlement with the FTC, involving allegations that Google illegally collected personal information without consent.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 82:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "persons involved with" "personal information," and "illegally collected personal information without consent," which are neither self-evident nor defined. First, Google denies that any unauthorized collection of private data occurred at all, much less an "illegal[] collect[ion]" of data. Second, Google objects to this request as it is unclear whether Plaintiffs seek identification of any individual with any level of involvement, however small or peripheral. This exercise would be burdensome and not proportional to the needs of the case. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the 2019 FTC settlement relating to YouTube has little, if any, relation to Plaintiffs' central allegation—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google further objects to this request because the "identi[t]y" of such persons is not relevant to any party's claim or defense in this case. Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals with potentially disparate job responsibilities over an indefinite period of time, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary course of business, and therefore this request is better suited to an Interrogatory. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 83:

Documents sufficient to identify the persons involved with and knowledgeable about the actions against Google by the Arizona Attorney General, Australian Competition & Consumer Commissions, and Commission Nationale de l'Informatique et des Libertés.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 83:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "persons involved with," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as it is unclear whether Plaintiffs seek identification of any individual with any level of involvement, however small or peripheral. This exercise would be burdensome and not proportional to the needs of the case. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses matters that have no relation to Plaintiffs' central allegation—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google further objects to this request because the "identi[t]y" of such persons is not relevant to any party's claim or defense in this case. Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals with potentially disparate job responsibilities over an indefinite period of time, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary course of business, and therefore this request is better suited to an Interrogatory. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 84:

Documents relating to how Google attempted to comply or complied with the California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA), Europe's General Data Privacy Regulation (GDPR), and similar legislation.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 84:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "similar legislation," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as

overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and encompasses matters, including statutes and legislation, that are broad and have no stated bearing on Plaintiffs' allegations in this litigation. Google further objects to this request to the extent it seeks documents related to non-U.S. matters. Google objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the commoninterest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 85:

Documents relating to how Google lobbied for or against bills and proposed laws in the United States similar to or based on the California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA).

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 85:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "similar to or based on," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Plaintiffs in this matter have not brought any claims under the CCPA, and therefore, Google objects to this request because it is aimed at seeking documents that have nothing to do with or are at best peripheral to Plaintiffs' allegations in this case. Plaintiffs in this matter complain about the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account. Documents related to any of Google's CCPA-related lobbying activities are far afield from Plaintiffs' central allegations. In addition, this request is objectionable because it seeks discovery into (irrelevant) speech and activities protected by the First Amendment and/or the Noerr-Pennington doctrine. Google further objects to this request because it appears to be designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the commoninterest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Google also object to this request as overly

broad and unduly burdensome in seeking all documents related to Google's CCPA-related lobbying activities over an undefined period of time. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 86:

Documents back to January 1, 2005 concerning Google's response to Apple's launch of private browsing in 2005, including any response involving the competitive threat posed to Google's power in any market.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 86:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "Google's response to Apple's launch of private browsing in 2005" and "Google's power in any market," which are neither self-evident nor defined. Plaintiffs in this matter have not brought any antitrust or competition claims, and the relevant "market" is neither defined in Plaintiffs' allegations nor relevant to the claims at issue here. Google objects to this request because it is aimed at seeking documents that have nothing to do with or are at best peripheral to Plaintiffs' allegations in this case. Plaintiffs in this matter complain about the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account. Documents related to any purported "response" to a "competitive threat" by a competing product are far afield from Plaintiffs' central allegations. Google further objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Google also objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome in seeking documents going back to 2005, eleven years before the June 1, 2016 start of the Class Period. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs

of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 87:

Documents back to January 1, 2005 concerning the actual, potential, or anticipated impact of private browsing mode on Google's power in any market, including Search, browsers, and advertising markets.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 87:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "Google's power in any market" and "Search, browsers, and advertising markets," which are neither self-evident nor defined. Plaintiffs in this matter have not brought any antitrust or competition claims, and "market" is neither defined in Plaintiffs' allegations nor relevant to the claims at issue here. Google objects to this request because it is aimed at seeking documents that have nothing to do with or are at best peripheral to Plaintiffs' allegations in this case. Plaintiffs in this matter complain about the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account. Documents related to any purported competitive impact on Google's purported power in markets that have been improperly defined are far afield from Plaintiffs' central allegations. Google further objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, workproduct doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Google also objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome in seeking documents going back to 2005, eleven years before the June 1, 2016 start of the Class Period. Thus, the request is not

proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 88:

Documents sufficient to identify all persons involved with the development of Incognito mode, launched in September 2008.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 88:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Incognito mode," which is not defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Incognito mode" means Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode. Google also objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the term "development," as it is not clear whether Plaintiffs seek the identity of those involved with the development of the initial launch of Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode in 2008 or also individuals involved with the continued development of Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode into the present day. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request seeks "all persons" that were "involved" with the "development" of Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode, no matter how small their involvement or peripheral to the central allegation in this case. Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals with potentially disparate job responsibilities and over an undefined period of time, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary course of business, and therefore this request is better suited to an Interrogatory. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 89:

Documents sufficient to identify all persons involved with any changes to Incognito mode since it was launched in September 2008.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 89:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Incognito mode," which is not defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Incognito mode" means Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks documents going back to 2008 when the Incognito Notice was created, eight years before the June 1, 2016 start of the Class Period. The Incognito Notices of 2008 are irrelevant to the claims and defenses in this action; therefore, the likelihood of obtaining relevant information going back to 2008, if any, is outweighed by the burden of providing it. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request seeks "all persons" that were "involved" with "any changes" of Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode, no matter how small the individual's involvement was or how peripheral the "change" is to the allegations in this case. Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals with potentially disparate job responsibilities and over a 13-year-period, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary course of business, and therefore this request is better suited to an Interrogatory. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents concerning modification to the Incognito Notice from June 1, 2016 to the present, from which Plaintiffs may identify persons involved with changes to Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode for the same period, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 90:

Source code for Incognito mode, including documents sufficient to identify changes to that source code since Google's launch of Incognito mode in September 2008.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 90:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "identify changes to [Incognito mode] source code," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For example, Plaintiffs do not specify whether this request seeks every keystroke change in the source code, which would be unduly burdensome to capture. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Incognito mode" means Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope, and seeks all source code for Incognito mode, including for aspects that have nothing to do with the central allegations in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Further, Google's source code for Incognito mode can be found in various publicly available sources, such as Google's Chromium online source code repository. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome in seeking changes to the Incognito mode source code "since Google's launch of Incognito mode in September 2008" because changes that were implemented years before the start of the purported Class Period and potentially changed over time have no relevance to Plaintiffs' claims that Google made certain promises during the relevant time period and breached those promises. The production of the non-public, proprietary source code is not necessary to ascertain any particular issue relevant to Plaintiffs' allegations. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 91:

Documents back to January 1, 2005 concerning any efforts by other browsers to limit tracking or data collection in any way, including the actual, potential, or anticipated impact on Google.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows:

Google will produce publicly available source code regarding the current version of Google

Chrome's Incognito browsing mode, to the extent that such source code exists, is within Google's

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 91:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "any efforts by other browsers to limit tracking or data collection" and "actual, potential, or anticipated impact on Google," which are neither self-evidence nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope, and seeks documents related to browsers owned by third parties and that Google does not control. Google objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome in seeking documents concerning events that occurred as early as 2005, eleven years before the June 1, 2016 start of the Class Period. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks information regarding web browsers that no plaintiff has alleged he or she has used. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 92:

Documents back to January 1, 2005 concerning any effort by Apple to limit Google's ability to track users and collect data, including the actual, potential, or anticipated impact on Google.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 92:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "any effort by Apple to limit Google's ability to track users and collect data" and "actual, potential, or anticipated impact on Google," which are neither self-evident nor defined. For example, Plaintiffs do not clarify what kind of "effort" (engineering, technical or something else) and what "impact" (engineering, technical, financial or otherwise) this request concerns. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope, and seeks documents related to a third party and that Google does not control. Documents about Apple's practices are not relevant to the claims and defenses in this action, and neither is any "impact" of such practices on Google. Google objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome in seeking documents concerning events that occurred as early as 2005, eleven years before the June 1, 2016 start of the Class Period. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 93:

Documents concerning Google's 2020 release of "Consent Mode (Beta)."

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 93:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and seeks documents "concerning" any aspect of Google's "release of 'Consent Mode (Beta)." Google objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 94:

Documents concerning Google's 2020 addition of "Block third-party cookies" to the Incognito screen.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 94:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Incognito screen," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Incognito screen" means the full-page Incognito Notice that alerts users that they have entered Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and seeks documents "concerning" Google's decision to "[b]lock third-party cookies," which involves aspects of cookies and Chrome that have no relation to Plaintiffs' allegations in this litigation. Google objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other

privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to show the reason Google is phasing out support for third-party cookies in Chrome, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 95:

Documents sufficient to show how Google defined "third-party cookies" in connection with private browsing mode, including Incognito mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 95:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Incognito mode," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Incognito mode" means Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode. Google's past and present Privacy Policies are publicly available. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain the information they seek from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to show how Google defined "third-party cookies" in public disclosures from June 1, 2016 to the present,

to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 96:

Documents concerning all changes made by Google since 2005 to its data collection practices while users are in private browsing mode, including Incognito mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 96:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request for Production No. 16, and incorporates its objections and response to that request. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "data collection practices" and "Incognito mode," which are neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Incognito mode" means Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode. Google also objects to the phrase "data collection practices" as vague and ambiguous, as it could refer to documents other than formal policies related to privacy. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, workproduct doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome in seeking documents concerning events that occurred as early as 2005, eleven years before the June 1, 2016 start of the Class Period. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burden in seeking any changes "to [Google's] data collection practices while users are in private browsing mode, including Incognito mode" since changes to Google's disclosures or practices years before the start of the class period have no relevance to Plaintiffs' claims that Google made certain promises during the relevant time period and breached those promises. Thus, the request is not proportional

to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 97:

Documents concerning this lawsuit, including email, instant message, and text message communications by Google employees on or after June 2, 2020.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 97:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Requests for Production Nos. 17 and 141, and incorporates its objections and response to those requests. Google further objects to this request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and vague and ambiguous in its use of the phrase "[d]ocuments concerning this lawsuit," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request because it appears to be designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 98:

Google's external and internal documents relating to any new privacy features Google has released or is releasing with regard to private-mode web browsing, Google Analytics, and Google Analytics User-ID.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 98:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "new privacy features" and "has released or is releasing," which are neither self-evident nor defined. Google

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope and effectively seeks all documents relating to "privacy features" with regard to broad topics like "private-mode web browsing" and "Google Analytics," without attempting to target issues relevant to the claims and allegations in this litigation. Further, Google's external documents relating to privacy features that Google has released for private-mode web browsing, Google Analytics, and Google Analytics User-Id can be found in various publicly available sources, such as Google's developer pages. Therefore, Plaintiffs can obtain certain responsive information from publicly available sources. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorneyclient privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden 15 16

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of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 99:

Documents sufficient to show all Google revenues and profits from Google's collection of data while users are in private browsing mode, during the Class Period, broken down by month.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 99:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "revenues and profits from Google's collection of data while users are in private browsing mode" because the terms "revenue" and "profit" are not defined. Google also objects to this request because it is overly broad and unduly burdensome in its scope: it seeks documents related to all Google

"revenue and profit" despite that the allegations here are limited to the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager. Further, this request seeks "all Google revenues and profits" related only to the collection of data while users are in private browsing mode, but Google Ad Manager and Google Analytics are unaware of whether a user is in private browsing mode while visiting a website using those Google services. Therefore, these documents do not exist in the ordinary course of business. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 100:

Google's sales documents relating to its profits from Google Analytics (and legacy products that were eventually merged into Google Analytics) that relate to how Google profited as alleged in the First Amended Complaint.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 100:

Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning the phrase "how Google profited as alleged in the First Amended Complaint," as Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint is a 37-page document that contains a host of allegations that have little to do with the main thrust of Plaintiff's complaint. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that the phrase above refers to the central allegation in the First Amended Complaint that Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager purportedly collected, without authorization, certain browsing activity data while Plaintiffs were browsing certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account. Google also objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the phrase "legacy products that were eventually merged into Google Analytics," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Further, the term "sales documents relating to its profits" in the context of this request is vague and ambiguous because it is unclear if Plaintiffs are looking for documents that document profits or documents that otherwise document how profits are

calculated. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 101:

Google's sales documents relating to its profits from Google Ad Manager (and legacy products that was eventually merged into Google Ad Manager) that relate to how Google profited as alleged in the First Amended Complaint.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 101:

Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning the phrase "how Google profited as alleged in the First Amended Complaint," as Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint is a 37-page document that contains a host of allegations that have little to do with the main thrust of Plaintiff's complaint. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that the phrase above refers to the central allegation in the First Amended Complaint that Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager purportedly collected, without authorization, certain browsing activity data while Plaintiffs were browsing certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account. Google also objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the phrase "legacy products that were eventually merged into Google Ad Manager," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Further, the term "sales documents relating to its profits" in the context of this request is vague and ambiguous because it is unclear if Plaintiffs are looking for documents that document profits or documents that otherwise document how profits are calculated. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 102:

Google's documents showing how Google improved its Google products and services (including but not limited to Search, Google Analytics, and Google Ad Manager) based on data Google obtained relating to the allegations at issue in the First Amended Complaint.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 102:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous because it is unclear what part of the request "relating to the allegations at issue in the First Amended Complaint" qualifies. Google also objects to this request because it fails to specify clearly what "data" it seeks this information. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it seeks documents related to *any* improvement to *any* Google product or service, no matter how extraneous to the allegations in Plaintiffs' complaint. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 103:

Documents concerning all ways in which Google has benefited from the conduct alleged in this lawsuit, including without limitation advertising revenues, impact on Google's market power, and improvement or development of additional Google services or products.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 103:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of "conduct alleged in this

lawsuit," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that the "conduct" at issue refers to the allegation in the First Amended Complaint that Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager purportedly collected, without authorization, certain browsing activity data while Plaintiffs were browsing certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account. Google therefore further objects to the extent that this request assumes Google has "benefited" in the ways alleged in the First Amended Complaint. Further, Plaintiffs in this matter have not brought any antitrust or competition claims, and the relevant "market" is neither defined in Plaintiffs' allegations nor relevant to the claims at issue here, nor is Google's "market power" in, or purported impact on, any given market. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs seek and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 104:

All documents pertaining to Google's decision to collect user data while users are in private browsing mode, including any assessments of the value of such data to Google or the cost of avoiding collecting such data.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 104:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague as to the meaning of "Google's decision to collect user data while users are in a private browsing mode," which is ambiguous as to what data the undefined term "user data" refers to. The further request for "assessments of" the "value of such data to Google" and "the cost of avoiding collecting such data" are likewise ambiguous to the extent that they also assume a particularized and specific assessment related to data obtained from private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding

any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs seek and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 105:

All documents pertaining to why users employ private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 105:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope. Google further objects insofar as this request seeks documents related to Plaintiffs' decisions to browse certain websites in the Incognito private browsing mode, which are in Plaintiffs' possession, custody, or control. Google further objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive studies related to why users employ Chrome's Incognito mode, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 106:

Documents sufficient to identify all data collected during the Class Period while users were in private browsing mode, including data identifying the user, and the type of data collected, and the number of occasions when each data type was collected.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 106:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "data identifying the user," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data for all Google consumers with no meaningful limitation. Google further objects to the phrase "all data collected" because Plaintiffs do not clarify what kind of "data," in what context, and which entity's collection this request concerns. Google does not associate Google Account holders' electronic or physical address information with their logged-out browsing activities. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business that would allow it to identify all data collected while users were in private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request because it seeks highly sensitive and personal information. Google further objects to this request as premature because class certification has not been granted. See In re Williams-Sonoma, Inc., 947 F.3d 535, 539-40 (9th Cir. 2020) (holding that pursuant to the Supreme Court's decision in Oppenheimer Fund, Inc. v. Sanders, 437 U.S. 340, 350–53, 98 S. Ct. 2380, 2389–90 (1978), "seeking discovery of the name of a class member... is not relevant within the meaning of [Rule 26(b)(1)], and it is even less relevant where no class has been certified"). Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 107:

Data sufficient to determine the frequency and duration with which each class member employed private browsing mode during the Class Period, and the extent to which they were or were not signed into a Google account at the time, on a periodic basis (e.g., monthly, annually).

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 107:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "employed private browsing mode," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data for all Google consumers with no meaningful limitation. Google does not associate Google Account holders' electronic or physical address information with their logged-out browsing activities. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business that associate a user's signed-in data with their signed-out data. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business that would allow it to identify "the frequency and duration with which each class member employed private browsing mode during the Class Period." Google further objects to this request because it seeks highly sensitive and personal information. Google further objects to this request as premature because class certification has not been granted. See In re Williams-Sonoma, Inc., 947 F.3d 535, 539-40 (9th Cir. 2020) (holding that pursuant to the Supreme Court's decision in *Oppenheimer* Fund, Inc. v. Sanders, 437 U.S. 340, 350–53, 98 S. Ct. 2380, 2389–90 (1978), "seeking discovery of the name of a class member... is not relevant within the meaning of [Rule 26(b)(1)], and it is even less relevant where no class has been certified"). Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 108:

Documents sufficient to identify, by month during the Class Period, the number of users for which Google collected data while users were in private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 108:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Google collected data," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data for all Google consumers with no meaningful limitation. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business that would allow it to identify "the number of users for which Google collected data while users were in private browsing mode." Google further objects to this request as premature because class certification has not been granted. See In re Williams-Sonoma, Inc., 947 F.3d 535, 539-40 (9th Cir. 2020) (holding that pursuant to the Supreme Court's decision in *Oppenheimer Fund, Inc. v. Sanders*, 437 U.S. 340, 350-53, 98 S. Ct. 2380, 2389-90 (1978), "seeking discovery of the name of a class member... is not relevant within the meaning of [Rule 26(b)(1)], and it is even less relevant where no class has been certified"). Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 109:

Documents sufficient to identify the number of times, by month during the Class Period, Google collected data while users were in private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 109:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Google collected data," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data for all Google consumers with no meaningful limitation. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business that would allow it to identify "the number of times, by month during the Class Period, Google collected data while users were in private browsing mode." Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 110:

Documents sufficient to identify the number of times, by month during the Class Period, Google collected data while class members were in private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 110:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "Google collected data" and "the number of times" Google purportedly collected this data, which are neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data for all Google consumers with no meaningful limitation. Google does not maintain documents or data in the

80 Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. As such, Google

does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business that would allow it to

identify "the number of times, by month during the Class Period, Google collected data while class

members were in private browsing mode." Google further objects to this request as premature

because class certification has not been granted. See In re Williams-Sonoma, Inc., 947 F.3d 535,

539-40 (9th Cir. 2020) (holding that pursuant to the Supreme Court's decision in Oppenheimer

Fund, Inc. v. Sanders, 437 U.S. 340, 350–53, 98 S. Ct. 2380, 2389–90 (1978), "seeking discovery

of the name of a class member... is not relevant within the meaning of [Rule 26(b)(1)], and it is

even less relevant where no class has been certified"). Thus, the request is not proportional to the

needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these

reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 111:

For each Google service and/or product that incorporates or utilizes the class members' data (e.g., Google AdWords, Google AdSense, Google Analytics):

- Documents sufficient to determine each such service and/or product. a.
- Document sufficient to determine how Google prices all such products and/or b. services.
- c. Documents sufficient to determine how Google generates revenues, cost savings, and/or profit from such products and/or services.
- d. Documents sufficient understand how Google uses the class members' data to increase the prices, revenues, and/or profits associated with each such product and/or service (e.g., premium pricing for targeted versus non-targeted advertising).
- e. Documents sufficient to determine the incremental prices, revenues, market share, and/or profits generated by such products and/or services as a result of the class members' data.
- f. Documents sufficient to determine the drivers of customer demand for such products and/or services, their success in the marketplace, and their perceived advantages versus any competitive products and/or services.

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

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- products and/or services and the value they place on the class members' data.
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- h. All planning documents (e.g., business plans, marketing plans, sales plans, capital expenditure plans) related to such products and/or services.

All documents concerning the types of customers (by industry, region, etc.) for such

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 111:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous, and potentially overbroad, as to the meaning of the phrase "Google service and/or product," without defining which services and/or products, and phrase "class members' data," without defining the type of data or the Google service/product allegedly "incorporat[ing] or utiliz[ing]" the data. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it seeks documents not relevant to the central allegations in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "revenues, cost savings, and/or profit," "revenues, and/or profits," "incremental prices, revenues, market share, and/or profits" because the terms "revenue," "cost," "profit" and "market share" are not defined. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous, and potentially overbroad, as to the meaning of the phrases "drivers of customer demand," "success in the marketplace," "perceived advantages," and "competitive products and/or services," which are neither self-evident or defined. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous, and potentially overbroad, as to the meaning of the phrase "types of customers," which is neither selfevident or defined. Google further objects to this request as it seeks "the value" that Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager "place on the class members' data," because the alleged "class members," as described in the First Amended Complaint, is not ascertainable. With certain limited exclusions, the Amended Complaint defines the class members (at ¶192) as consisting of "[a]ll individuals with either a Google account who accessed a website containing Google Analytics or

Google Ad Manager using any non-Android device" or "Android device owners who "accessed a website containing Google Analytics or Google Ad Manager using such device," "who were (a) in 'private browsing mode' in that device's browser, and (b) were not logged into their Google account on that device's browser." However, Google does not associate Google Account holders' electronic or physical address information with their logged-out browsing activities. Neither Google Analytics nor Google Ad Manager differentiates between data collected while a user was using private browsing mode or not. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business that would allow it to identify the alleged class members, which are limited to users in private browsing mode who were not logged into their Google Account. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 112:

All documents pertaining to the value of user data during the Class Period, including:

- a. Any Google estimates of the value of its user data either generally or to any products and/or services.
- b. Any third-party estimates of the value of Google's or any other entities' user data either generally or to any products and/or service.
- c. Any estimate of the relationship, if any, between the value of incremental data on a given user and the amount of data already collected on that user (i.e., the diminishing marginal return on data), either generally or to any products and/or services.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 112:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of "the value of user data," which

is neither self-evident nor defined. To the extent Plaintiffs seek documents related to any user data generally, not tethered to the allegations in this case, this request is far too broad and burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that the request seeks documents pertaining to certain browsing activity data that Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager purportedly collected, without authorization, while Plaintiffs were browsing certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 113:

All documents pertaining to Google's purchase or sale of user data from any third party, including documents sufficient to determine the types of data transacted, the price paid/received for the data, and/or any other relevant terms of the transaction.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 113:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of "user data," which is neither self-evident nor defined. To the extent Plaintiffs seek documents related to any user data generally, not tethered to the allegations in this case, this request is far too broad and burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that the request seeks documents pertaining to certain browsing activity data that Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager purportedly collected, without authorization, while Plaintiffs were browsing certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account.

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Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs seek and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 114:

All documents pertaining to Google's purchases or sales of entities (e.g., companies, divisions, business groups) in which user data constituted a material portion of the assets transacted, including documents sufficient to determine the portion of the price paid/received attributable to the user data and all relevant terms of the transaction.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 114:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of "user data," which is neither self-evident nor defined. To the extent Plaintiffs seek documents related to any user data generally, not tethered to the allegations in this case, this request is far too broad and burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case. Google further objects to the phrase "user data constituted a material portion of the assets transacted," as unclear and vague and ambiguous because the term "material" is not defined. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 115:

Periodic financial statements adequate to determine the following for each of the Google product and/or service that incorporates or utilizes the class members' data:

- a. Revenue;
 - b. Cost of Goods Sold;
 - c. Operating Expenses;
 - d. Variable Expenses;

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

- e. Fixed Expenses; and
- f. Profit.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 115:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of "periodic" and "cost of goods sold," which are neither self-evident nor defined. Further, the First Amended Complaint defines the class members (at ¶192) as consisting of "[a]ll individuals with either a Google account who accessed a website containing Google Analytics or Google Ad Manager using any non-Android device" or "Android device owners who "accessed a website containing Google Analytics or Google Ad Manager using such device," "who were (a) in 'private browsing mode' in that device's browser, and (b) were not logged into their Google account on that device's browser." However, neither Google Analytics nor Google Ad Manager differentiates between data collected while a user was using private browsing mode or not. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business that would allow it to identify "class member data," which is limited to data from users in private browsing mode who were not logged into their Google Account. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 116:

All planning documents (e.g., business plans, marketing plans, sales plans, capital expenditure plans) related to Google's collection and/or use of class member data.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 116:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of "planning documents" which is neither self-evident nor defined. To the extent that it seeks all of "business plans, marketing

plans, sales plans, capital expenditure plans" the request is overly broad and unduly burdensome. Further, the First Amended Complaint defines the class members (at ¶192) as consisting of "[a]ll individuals with either a Google account who accessed a website containing Google Analytics or Google Ad Manager using any non-Android device" or "Android device owners who "accessed a website containing Google Analytics or Google Ad Manager using such device," "who were (a) in 'private browsing mode' in that device's browser, and (b) were not logged into their Google account on that device's browser." However, neither Google Analytics nor Google Ad Manager differentiates between data collected while a user was using private browsing mode or not. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business that would allow it to identify "class member data," which is limited to data from users in private browsing mode who were not logged into their Google Account. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 117:

Documents, studies, reports, and articles that describe or pertain to the market for user data, including class member data.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 117:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of "user data" which is neither self-evident nor defined. To the extent the request seeks all documents, whether internal or public, that pertain in any to a purported "market" for any type of "user data," however far removed from the allegations of this case, the request seeks much irrelevant information and is overbroad and unduly burdensome. Further, the First Amended Complaint defines the class members (at ¶192) as consisting of "[a]ll individuals with either a Google account who accessed a website containing Google Analytics or Google Ad Manager using any non-Android device" or "Android device owners who "accessed a website containing Google Analytics or Google Ad Manager using such

device," "who were (a) in 'private browsing mode' in that device's browser, and (b) were not logged into their Google account on that device's browser." However, neither Google Analytics nor Google Ad Manager differentiates between data collected while a user was using private browsing mode or not. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business that would allow it to identify "class member data," which is limited to data from users in private browsing mode who were not logged into their Google Account. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs seek and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 118:

Documents sufficient to understand how Google determines compensation for tracking user's data related to but not limited to how Google determines compensation for participants in the "Google Screenwise Trends" program.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 118:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of "tracking user's data" which is neither self-evident nor defined. The request is also ambiguous in its use of the term "Google Screenwise Trends" (now Google Opinion Rewards), which is an app that allows users to complete short surveys and get rewarded with Google Play or PayPal credit for each one they complete. Therefore, the request about how compensation is determined in the context of users completing short surveys has little, if any, relevance to the claims and allegations in this litigation. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 119:

Documents sufficient to identify, during the Class Period, web browser communications that did not contain any cookies.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 119:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous, and potentially overbroad, as to the meaning of the phrase "web browser communications that did not contain any cookies," because it can be interpreted to include non-Google cookies or types of web browser communications that never contain cookies. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data for all Google users with no meaningful limitation. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs seek and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 120:

Documents sufficient to identify, during the Class Period, Chrome web browser communications that did not contain any X-Client Data Header.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 120:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous, and potentially overbroad, as to the meaning of the phrase "Chrome web browser communications that did not contain any X-Client Data Header," without defining which types of communications are at issue. To the extent Plaintiffs seek all Chrome web browser communications—including to Google domains that do not receive the X-Client Data Header—the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the

proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data for all Chrome users with no meaningful limitation. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 121:

Documents sufficient to show usage data regarding the number of times Incognito sessions have been initiated during the Class Period, broken down by month.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 121:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous, and potentially overbroad, as to the meaning of the phrase "number of times Incognito sessions have been initiated," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Incognito sessions" means sessions in Google Chrome's Incognito browsing mode.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to show the number of times Incognito sessions have been initiated on the Chrome browser during the Class Period, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 122:

Documents concerning any usage analytics regarding any Chrome browser features, including any analysis and findings regarding consumers' use of Incognito mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 122:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "usage analytics regarding any Chrome browser features," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because it seeks documents regarding any "Chrome browser features," even if those features have no relevance to the claims and defenses in this litigation. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents concerning usage analytics regarding consumers' use of Incognito mode, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 123:

Documents concerning any usage analytics regarding any non-Chrome browser features, including any analysis and findings regarding consumers' use of private browsing mode on any non-Chrome browser.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 123:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "usage analytics regarding any non-Chrome browser features," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because it seeks documents regarding any "non-Chrome browser features," even if those features have no relevance to the claims and defenses in this litigation. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode on any non-Chrome browser," even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the

request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents relating to usage analytics regarding consumers' use of private browsing mode on any non-Chrome browser, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 124:

Documents concerning any valuation of user data, including data Google collected while users were in private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 124:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request Nos. 104 and 112. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as vague as to the meaning of "valuation of user data, including data Google collected while users were in private browsing mode," which is ambiguous as to what data the undefined term "user data" refers. To the extent Plaintiffs seek documents related to any user data generally, not tethered to the allegations in this case, this request is far too broad and burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that the request seeks documents pertaining to certain browsing activity data that Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager purportedly collected, without authorization, while Plaintiffs were browsing certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 125:

Documents concerning the prices charged by Google during the Class Period in connection with its advertising services, including higher prices Google charged using the data at issue in this lawsuit.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 125:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as unclear, vague and ambiguous because the phrase "advertising services" is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as vague as to the meaning of "higher prices Google charged using the data at issue in this lawsuit," which assumes Google used the "data at issue" to charge a higher price, and is ambiguous as to what data the undefined term "the data at issue" refers to. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that the request seeks documents pertaining to certain browsing activity data that Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager purportedly collected, without authorization, while Plaintiffs were browsing certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account. Google also objects on the basis that the prices Google charged for advertising services have no bearing on the claims and defenses in this litigation. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 126:

Documents sufficient to show how Google used the data that Google collected by Google while users were in private browsing to improve Google's algorithms, products, and services, including Google Search.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 126:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "how Google used the data that Google collected by Google," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data for all Google consumers with no meaningful limitation. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 127:

Documents sufficient to show how Google used the data that Google collected by Google while users were in private browsing to create new Google products and services.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 127:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "how Google used the data that Google collected by Google," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

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Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 128:

Documents concerning Google's market power in search since January 1, 2005, including any impact on that market power based on Google's collection of data while users are in private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 128:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Google's market power in search" which is neither self-evident nor defined. Plaintiffs in this matter have not brought any antitrust or competition claims, and the relevant "market," be it in "search" or any other product or service, is neither defined in Plaintiffs' allegations nor relevant to the claims at issue here. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google objects to this request because it is aimed at seeking documents that have nothing to do with or are at best peripheral to Plaintiffs' allegations in this case. Plaintiffs in this matter complain about the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Documents related to Google's purported "market power" in the undefined market of "search" are far afield from Plaintiffs' central allegations. Google also objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome in seeking documents going back to 2005, eleven years before the June 1, 2016 start of the Class Period. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 129:

Documents concerning Google's power in the market(s) for internet browsers since January 1, 2005, including any impact on that market power based on Google's collection of data while users are in private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 129:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Google's power in the market(s) for internet browsers" which is neither self-evident nor defined. Plaintiffs in this matter have not brought any antitrust or competition claims, and the relevant "market(s)," be it in "internet browsers" or any other product or service, is neither defined in Plaintiffs' allegations nor relevant to the claims at issue here. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request because it is aimed at seeking documents that have nothing to do with or are at best peripheral to Plaintiffs' allegations in this case. Plaintiffs in this matter complain about the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Documents related to Google's purported "power in the market(s)" in the undefined market of "internet browsers" are far afield from Plaintiffs' central allegations. Google also objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome in seeking documents going back to 2005, eleven years before the June 1, 2016 start of the Class Period. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 130:

Documents concerning Google's power in the market(s) for advertising services since January 1, 2005, including any impact on that market power based on Google's collection of data while users are in private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 130:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Google's power in the market(s) for advertising services" which is neither self-evident nor defined. Plaintiffs in this matter have not brought any antitrust or competition claims, and the relevant "market(s)," be it in "advertising services" or any other product or service, is neither defined in Plaintiffs' allegations nor relevant to the claims at issue here. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request because it is aimed at seeking documents that have nothing to do with or are at best peripheral to Plaintiffs' allegations in this case. Plaintiffs in this matter complain about the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Documents related to Google's purported "power in the market(s)" in the undefined market of "advertising services" are far afield from Plaintiffs' central allegations. Google also objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome in seeking documents going back to 2005, eleven years before the June 1, 2016 start of the Class Period. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 131:

Documents concerning Google competitors or competing proposals that permit consumers to monetize their data, including Brave, Loginhood, Killi, BIGtoken, Andrew Yang's Data Dividend Project, and Nielsen Company.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 131:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "Google competitors or competing proposals that permit consumers to monetize their data," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Plaintiffs in this matter have not brought any antitrust or competition claims, and Google objects to this request because it is aimed at seeking documents that have nothing to do with or are at best peripheral to Plaintiffs' allegations in this case. Plaintiffs in this matter complain about the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account. Documents related to any purported "competitors or competing proposals" are far afield from Plaintiffs' central allegations. Google further objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 132:

Documents sufficient to show all data Google used to target advertisements to Plaintiffs.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 132:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "used to target advertisements to Plaintiffs," which is neither self-evident nor defined.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to show how ads are personalized to named Plaintiffs, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 133:

Documents sufficient to identify all profiles Google has of or are linked to Plaintiffs or any device used by Plaintiffs.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 133:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "profiles Google has of or are linked to Plaintiffs or any device used by Plaintiffs," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it seeks information pertaining to any devices used by Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs have not provided any information sufficient to identify their devices.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs are seeking and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 134:

Documents sufficient to show all ways in which Google has used data Google collected while Plaintiffs were in private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 134:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "all ways in which Google has used data Google collected," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to show "ways in which Google has used data Google collected while Plaintiffs were in private browsing mode." Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 135:

Documents sufficient to show all Google revenues tied to advertising to class members while in private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 135:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as it is in relevant part duplicative to Request Nos. 99 and 115. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "all Google revenues tied to advertising to class members while in private browsing mode" because the terms "revenue" and "advertising" are not defined. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google also objects to this request because it is overly broad and unduly burdensome in its scope: it seeks documents related to "all Google revenues tied to advertising" despite that the allegations here are limited to the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager. Further, this request seeks "all Google revenues" related only to the

advertising while users are in private browsing mode, but Google Ad Manager and Google Analytics are unaware of whether a user is in private browsing mode while visiting a website using those Google services. Therefore, these documents do not exist in the ordinary course of business. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 136:

Documents concerning any auto-delete functionality or controls concerning user data, including how such functionality impacts data Google collected while users were in private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 136:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "auto-delete functionality or controls concerning user data," in that it does not specify whether the functionalities or controls Plaintiffs seek documents about are user-created, created by Google, or else by third parties. Google further objects to the phrases "user data" and "data" as overly broad and unduly burdensome because Plaintiffs have not clarified what kind of 'user data" this request concerns. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 137:

Copies of all documents linked to or in any internal Google wikis and sites produced by Google.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 137:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent it seeks documents not relevant to the central allegations in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 138:

Documents sufficient to identify all code-words or codenames used in connection with any of the alleged issues, including Chrome, Incognito mode, and any private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 138:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "code-words or code names" and "alleged issues," which are neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorneyclient privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding "any private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 139:

Documents sufficient to identify persons responsible for the matters listed below and such persons' reporting chains, such as an output from any Google tool that maintains such information:

- The development and launch of Chrome in September 2008 with Incognito mode. a.
- b. Any changes to Incognito mode since September 2008, including any Incognito mode disclosures and data collection practices.
 - c. Google's Privacy Policy.
 - d. Google controls relating to private browsing mode.
- Google Analytics, including with respect to the collection of and use of data in e. connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.
- f. Google Ad Manager, including with respect to the collection of and use of data in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.
- Google cookies, including with respect to the collection of and use of data in g. connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

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- Google X-Client Data Header, GStatic, and Approved Pixels, including with h. respect to the collection of and use of data in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.
- i. Google's collection, retention, and use of data collected in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.
- Google profiling and profiles, including with respect to data collected in connection į. with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.
- k. Google's agreement to and compliance with the 2011 FTC consent decree and the subsequent 2012 and 2019 FTC settlements.
- 1. Google's compliance with the California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA), Europe's General Data Privacy Regulation (GDPR), and similar legislation.
 - m. Google's changes in response to this lawsuit.
- n. Google's top executives and decision makers for any of the matters above, including for example Google executives involved with the development and launch of Incognito mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 139:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Incognito mode," which is neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "Incognito mode" means Google Chrome's Incognito private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "controls relating to private browsing mode," "Google cookies," "Google profiling and profiles," and "similar legislation," which are neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request because it seeks much irrelevant information and is overly broad and unduly burdensome. Plaintiffs in this matter complain about the purportedly

1 unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad 2 Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out 3 of their Google Account. Documents related to the 2011 FTC consent decree, the 2012 and 2019 4 FTC settlements, and Google's compliance with the CCPA, GDPR are far afield from Plaintiffs' 5 central allegations. This Request is also in relevant part duplicative to Plaintiffs' Request for 6 Production No. 71. Because the X-Client Data Header is only sent to Google domains from 7 Chrome and not sent in Incognito mode, it has no relevance to the issues in this case. Google 8 further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request seeks 9 "all persons" that were "responsible for" fourteen different matters, including those individuals' 10 "reporting chains." Google further objects to this request because it seeks documents "sufficient to identify" individuals over an undefined period of time, which are unlikely to exist in the ordinary 11 12 course of business, and therefore this request is better suited to an Interrogatory. This Request is 13 also in relevant part duplicative to Plaintiffs' Request for Production Nos. 11 and 12. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed 14 15 discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving its objections to those requests, Google has responded that it will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents sufficient to identify current Google personnel with responsibility for the relevant conduct relating to Google Chrome, Google Analytics, and Google Ad Manager, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search. To the extent that Plaintiffs seek identification of additional individuals on additional functions, Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 140:

Documents concerning any defense Google asserts in this action, including documents supporting or contradicting any defense.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 140:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to the request as premature because it seeks documents concerning "any defense Google asserts" before Google has had the opportunity to conduct full discovery. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents supporting or contradicting any defense Google asserts, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 141:

Documents discussing, analyzing, or evaluating any of the privacy rights asserted in this lawsuit.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 141:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google objects to this request to the extent it is duplicative of Request for Production No. 17, and incorporates its objections and response to that request. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "privacy rights asserted in this lawsuit," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google further objects to this request because it appears to be designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 142:

Documents concerning any aggregation of data collected in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 142:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "any aggregation of data," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome to the extent the request seeks user-level data for all Google consumers with no meaningful limitation. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs seek and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 143:

Documents sufficient to show the location of Google servers involved in the alleged conduct, including servers located in California that received data in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 143:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to the phrase "location of Google servers involved in the alleged conduct" as overly broad and unduly burdensome because it may encompass Google servers that are not relevant to the

1 central allegations in the case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting 2 3 certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 4 2016 to the present. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the 5 meaning of the phrase "data in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode," which is neither self-evidence nor defined. For example, Plaintiffs do not clarify what kind of 6 7 "data" this request concerns. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks 8 information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 144:

Documents sufficient to show the location of Google use of data in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode, including by Google employees located in California.

has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Google further objects to this request to the extent

it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product

doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. In addition, the

information can be found in various publicly available sources, including on the Google Cloud and

Google Analytics Help pages. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the

Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents to show the

location of data centers for Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager, from June 1, 2016 to the

present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows:

case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 144:

control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrases "the location of Google use of data" and "in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode,"

Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

which are neither self-evident nor defined. For the purposes of responding to this request, Google assumes that "location of Google use of data" refers to the locations of Google's data centers in which Google processes data collected through Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents to show the location of data centers for Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager, from June 1, 2016 to the present, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 145:

Documents concerning any private browsing mode, including Incognito mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 145:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as overbroad to the extent it seeks information regarding "any private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately, and those owned by third parties that Google does not control. Google further objects to this request as overly broad and unduly burdensome because the request is not limited in scope. Private browsing modes have many different aspects that have nothing to do with the central allegations in this case—namely, the purportedly unauthorized collection of certain browsing activity data by Google Analytics and Google Ad Manager while Plaintiffs were visiting certain websites in private browsing mode while signed out of their Google Account from June 1, 2016 to the present. Google further objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-

09 Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 146:

Documents concerning the articles cited in the First Amended Complaint, such as the August 15, 2018 article by Douglas Schmidt titled *Google Data Collection* and the November 1, 2018 article by Lily Hay Newman titled *The Privacy Battle to Save Google from Itself*.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 146:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request because Plaintiffs fail to properly identify what documents, if any, they are seeking that are beyond the public-available articles that Plaintiffs identify in this request. Simply saying that they seek documents "concerning" the articles, especially in light of the objectionably broad definition Plaintiffs have put forth, is insufficient to identify the documents with particularity. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the commoninterest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs on the relevance of the information sought and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 147:

Documents sufficient to show the architecture pertaining to Google sign-in, including how that impacts Google's data collection in connection with users' activity while in a private browsing mode.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 147:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to the phrases "architecture pertaining to Google sign-in" and "data Google collected while users were in private browsing mode" as vague, ambiguous, and overly broad and unduly burdensome because Plaintiffs do not clarify what type of "architecture" or "data collection" this request concerns. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. For these reasons, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google is willing to meet and confer with Plaintiffs to understand what information Plaintiffs seek and to appropriately narrow the scope of this request.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 148:

Documents sufficient to identify all instances where Google shared any data collected in connection with any users' activity while in a private browsing mode, such as in response to any law enforcement or other request.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 148:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to this request as vague and ambiguous as to the meaning of the phrase "Google shared any data collected in connection with any users' activity while in a private browsing mode," which is neither self-evident nor defined. Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify whether a user is in private browsing mode. As such, Google does not maintain documents or data in the ordinary course of business to identify instances where Google shared any data collected in connection with any users' activity while in private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request because Google's sharing of data in response to a law enforcement request is not relevant to Plaintiffs' central allegation that Google collects data while

users are using private browsing mode. Google further objects to this request as overbroad because it seeks information regarding any "private browsing mode" for any browser, even those which no Plaintiff has alleged he or she used to browse privately. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit. For these reasons, Google will not produce documents in response to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 149:

To the extent Google's response to any request for admissions served by Plaintiffs in this action is anything other than an unqualified admission, documents concerning that matter at issue with each such request for admission.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 149:

Google incorporates its General Objections as if set forth fully herein. Google further objects to the phrase "that matter at issue with each such request for admission," which is neither self-evidence nor defined. Google further objects to this request to the extent it is designed to seek information protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, the common-interest privilege, or any other privilege or immunity. Thus, the request is not proportional to the needs of the case, and the burden of the proposed discovery outweighs any likely benefit.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Google responds as follows: Google will produce non-privileged, non-work product, responsive documents that support Google's denial or partial denial of any Request for Admission, to the extent that such documents exist, are within Google's possession, custody, or control, and can be located following a reasonable search.

DATED: December 2, 2020 QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART & SULLIVAN, LLP

By

/s/ Andrew H. Schapiro
Andrew H. Schapiro (admitted pro hac vice)
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Case No. 5:20-cv-03664-LHK-SVK

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1 PROOF OF SERVICE 2 WASHINGTON, D.C. 3 At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and not a party to this action. I am employed 4 in Washington, D.C. My business address is 1300 I. Street, N.W., Suite 900, Washington, D.C. 5 20005. 6 On December 2, 2020, I served true copies of the following document(s) described as 7 8 RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND SET OF REQUESTS FOR **PRODUCTION** (NOS. 20-149) on the interested parties in this action as follows: 9 **SEE ATTACHED LIST** 10 BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION: I transmitted PDF format copies of 11 the document(s) described above to the e-mail addresses on the attached Service List pursuant to 12 the agreement between the parties to serve discovery, in lieu of other service methods, by email 13 under Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(b)(2)(E) (see Joint Case Management Statement VIII(E), Docket No. 59). 14 The documents were transmitted by electronic transmission and such transmission was reported as 15 complete and without error. 16 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the 17 foregoing is true and correct. 18 Executed on December 2, 2020 at Washington, D.C. 19 20 21 /s/ Tracy Xi Gao 22 Tracy Xi Gao 23 24 25 26 27

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